Active Risk Allocation September 2022

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## Status

## Back on track – monetary tightening, lower growth

Sticky inflation

- Inflation remain sticky
- activity moderation manageable
- margin pressure

## **Risk overview;** Short-term **Negative** Medium-term **Neutral**

## Stocks – underweight

• Low vol factor overweight, and defensive sectors

## Bonds – underweight

Underweight Europe. Overweight US credit

## Alternatives – overweight

· Non-interest rate sensitive, non-directional, uncorrelated assets and strategies

## Macroeconomics

- Central bank rate hikes & Quantitative Tightening(QT)
- · China, ideology vs reality
- · Global supply disruptions (post-covid imbalance, war, trade war)

## Indicators

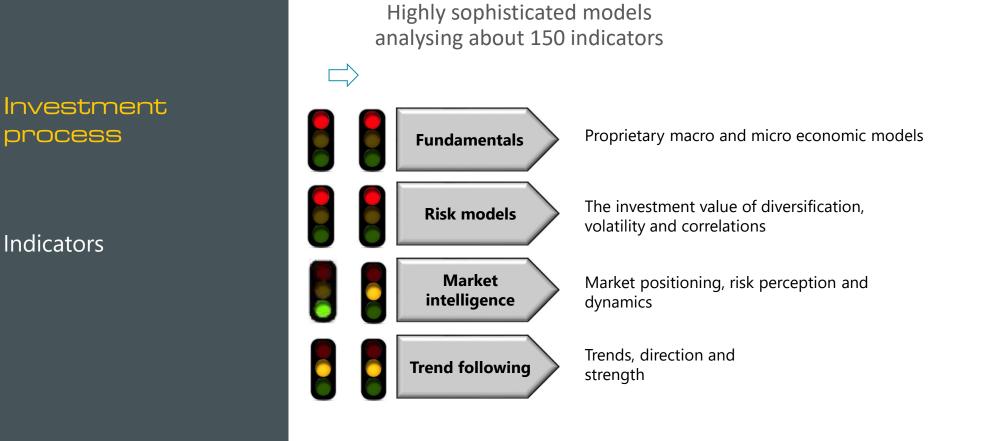
- OPRA: Negative / Neutral
- (risk gauge for balance risk/risk free)
- OMRI: Neutral / Weakening
- (model volatility gauge)

Active Risk Allocation

The state of indicators

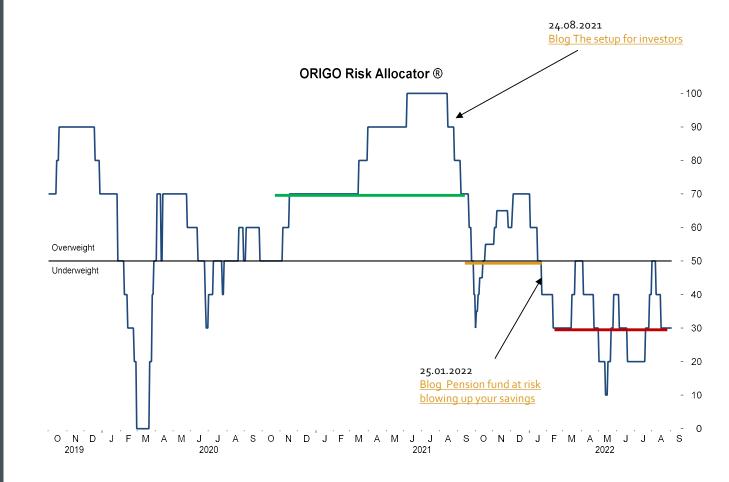
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Timeline, 2019 -



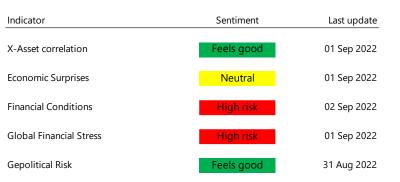
## OMRI® Origo Market Risk Indicator

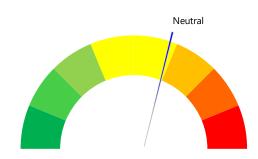
## Short-term risk gauge

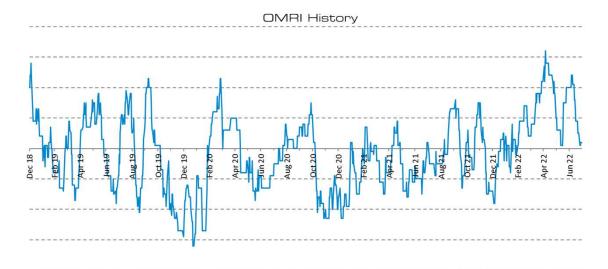
Improvement in the Market intelligence factors

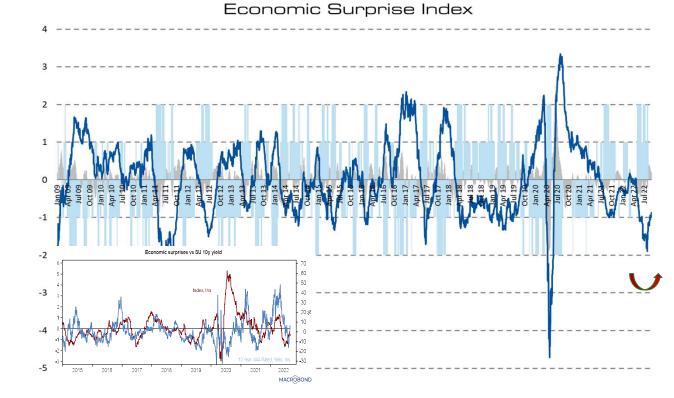
Geographically, US lead while Europe financial conditions continue to deteriorate

#### 02 September 2022









## Fundamentals

### Macroeconomic models

### Volatility and risk budgeting

Market intelligence

## Technicals and trend following

Real economic data showing more strength than economist' forecasted. Bond (and delayed stock rally) increasingly looking like a "bear trap". Inversely for stocks, "good" news are bad new.

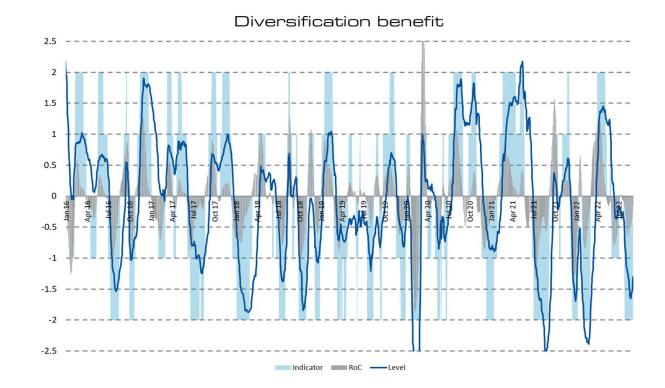
The ESI (above centre) is a powerful indicator of coming stress.

## Volatility and Risk budgeting

### Macroeconomic models

### Volatility and risk budgeting

- Market intelligence
- Technicals and trend following



Still no "Markowitz benefits" in a broad based portfolio composition.

The 60/40 passive fixed combination is based on the assumption of constant negative correlations, despite this being more an exception than a rule over the past 10 years. When the diversification benefit is low, there is not much to be gained from diversifying. Cash and alternatives should then be meaningfully increased.

Market intelligence

- Macroeconomic models
- Volatility and risk budgeting
- Market intelligence
- Technicals and trend following

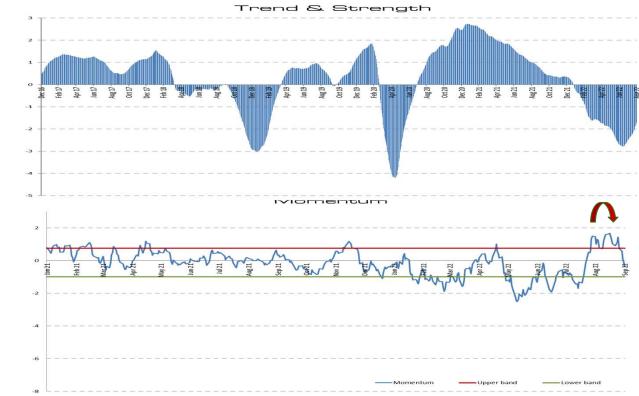
Persistently high level of stress since turn of year 2022.

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Following summer rally, market stress is again increasing. Europe remain epicenter of deterioration in financial conditions.

A measure of global cross market measure of risk, hedging demand(volume, skew) and investor flows in the financial system.

Global Financial Stress Indicator



Short-term, stocks to re-test year low. Medium-term trend over summer has improved turned neutral.

Trend strength in the various market is an expression of the persistence of the currently existing trend.

## Technicals

- Macroeconomic models
- Volatility and risk budgeting
- Market intelligence
- Technicals and trend following





#### Macroeconomics

Beyond peak deflation, continued focus to sticky inflation and growth moderation. US to continue rate hikes and QT. China zero-CoVID close 21mio people anew. Europe slowdown entered recession territory – and begin monetary tightening



### **Market Risk and market intelligence** Powell adjust market hopes of inflation in the bag and central bank to cut rates 2Q 2023.



#### Technicals

Medium-term negative trend in stocks turned neutral. Short-term technicals keep switching between buy/sell, indicating a trading channel.



#### Volatility and risk budgeting

Portfolio risk increase as assets move in synch – and now both falling.

Continued high level of asset volatility supports our theory for having entered a new regime around Sep 2021.



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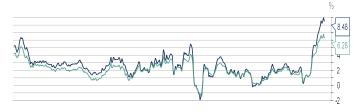
## Macro risk — Inflation

### **CBs still behind the curve**

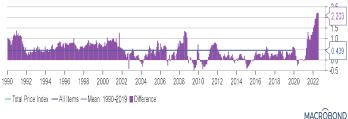
- Inflation soaring heading into 2022 ..
- + Russia-Ukraine war
- + China "zero-CoVID", grand re-open vs Omicron + DeGlobalisation



#### US CPI vs PCE



#### Difference between CPI and PCE inflation





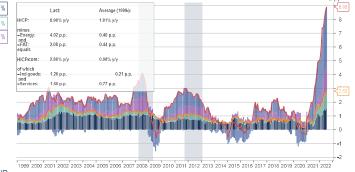
#### United States: Faster wage growth to raise services inflation Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)



 2006
 2009
 2010
 2011
 2013
 2014
 2015
 2016
 2017
 2018
 2019
 2020
 2021
 2022

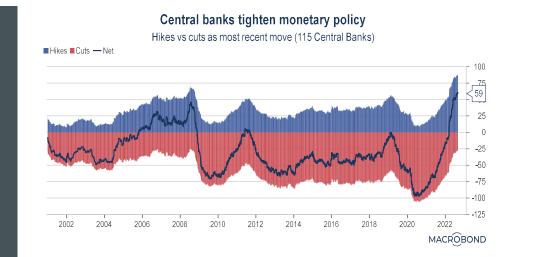
 — Employment Cost Index, private sector
 — Care Services CPI Y/Y
 — Median wage growth

#### Contributions to eurozone inflation



MACROBOND -HICP Or HICP core (or FAT & Energy) =HICP Energy (contro HICP) =HICP Food, Alco and Tobacco (contr to HICP) =HICP Nonengy ind, goods (contr to HICP) =HICP Services (contro HICP)

MACROBOND



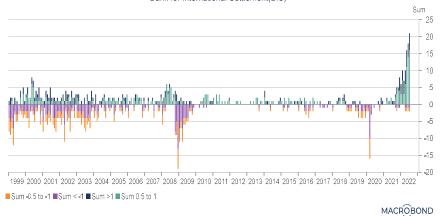
## Macro risk centralbanks

### Turn of the tide

A massive tightening cycle is unfolding. Reversal of policy since The Great Recession

Record number of CBs accellerate tightening





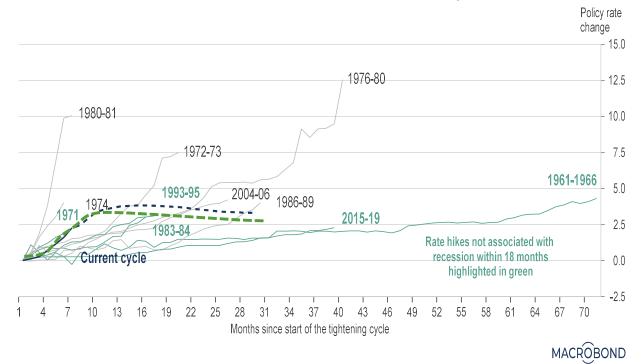
## Macro risk — Fed Funds

## FF hiking cycles

Rates expectation shifted towards higher for longer

## Fed funds (tightening cycles)



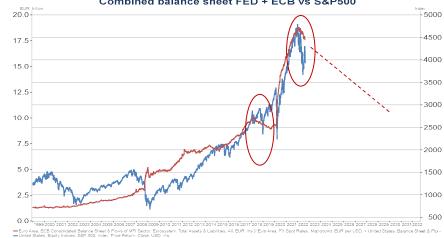


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## Capital markets - inflating and deflating assets

### July celebrated the not so bleak past. August brought markets back to present and future

Combined rate hikes + QE reduction of 60-100bn/m – excess of 1 tn USD per year – every year, the next 10 years



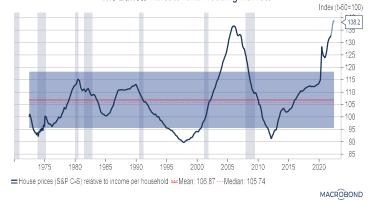
Combined balance sheet FED + ECB vs S&P500

The correlation suggest a high risk of mis-allocation of unproductive capital, such as predominantly RE, high growth/no profit cpy's, crypto

. . .

The Buffett-Indicator and Housing Markets

MACROBONE



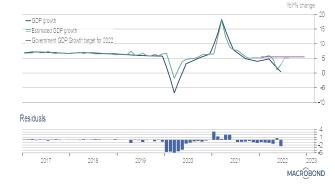
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## Macro risk -China

## China, Evergrande a prelude for the next global debt crisis?

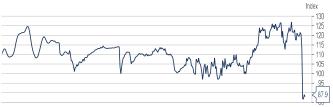
- PBoC May 2022 stimulus
- June "grand re-opening"
- Zero-CoVID policy
- Tech crackdown
- Changing demographics
- Real estate recession
- Major draught

#### China GDP forecast model

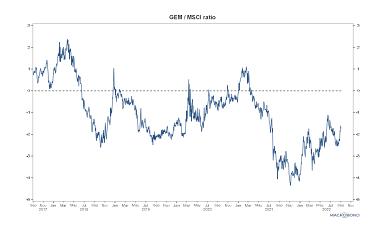




#### China consumer confidence



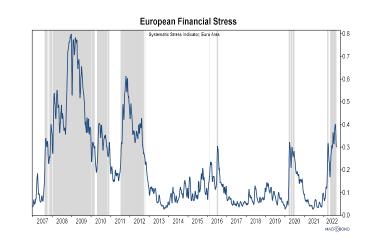


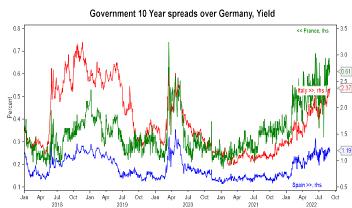


## Macro risk-Europe

### Euro debt crisis 2.0?

- ECB emergency antifragmentation,"Transmiss ion Protection Tool"(TPI) tool - donors vs PIGS
- The Putin-put
- The age put



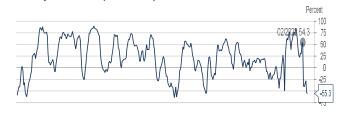


2021

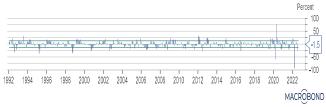
2022

MACROBOND

#### Germany's economic expectations experience record decline

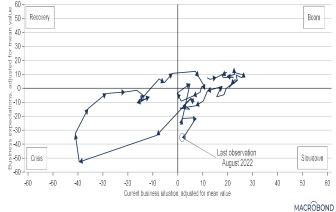


#### Monthly value change with standard deviation bands



#### Ifo Business Cycle Clock shows Germany heading into recession

Evolution since 2017



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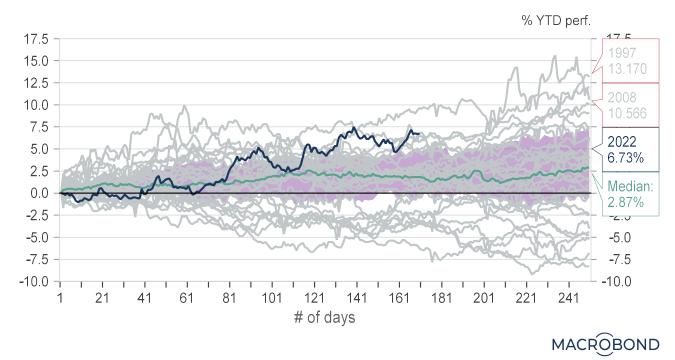
## Macro risk — USD

## Forex

USD rally not extensive or historic in size, yet

## Nominal broad dollar index

Source: Federal Reserve



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