

Active Risk Allocation

October 2022



Status

Setup, asset 2nd revaluation 2022 Global recession 2023, 50/50

- Inflation remain sticky
- activity slowdown accelerate
- rising inventories spells new profit warnings

Risk overview;Short-term **Positive**Medium-term **Negative**

- ☐ Stocks underweight
 - Low vol factor overweight, and defensive sectors
- ☐ Bonds underweight
 - · Underweight Europe. Overweight US credit
- □ Alternatives overweight
 - · Non-interest rate sensitive, non-directional, uncorrelated assets and strategies
- Macroeconomics
 - Central bank rate hikes & Quantitative Tightening(QT)
 - · China, ideology vs reality
 - UK fiscal chaos (watch 23/11 for u-turn if government last)
 - Global supply disruptions (post-covid imbalance, trade war, war)
- Indicators
 - OPRA: Negative / Neutral (risk gauge for balance risk/risk free)
 - OMRI: High / Positive (model volatility gauge)



Active Risk Allocation

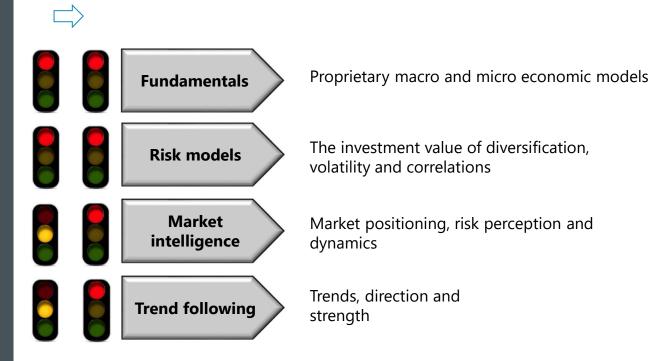
The state of indicators



Investment process

Indicators

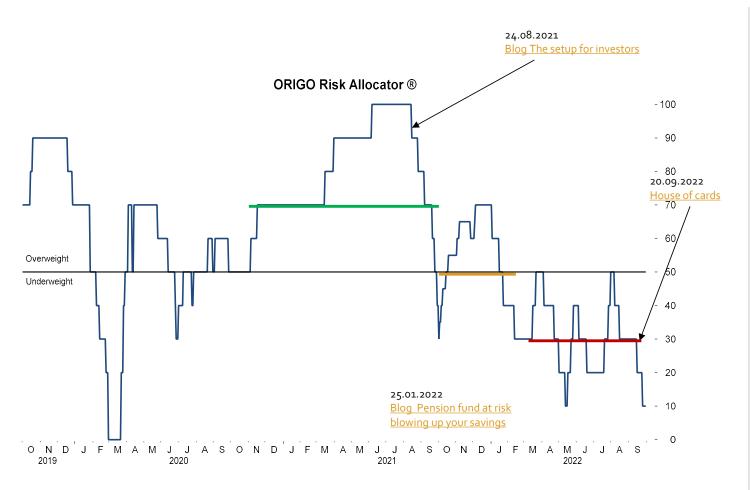
Highly sophisticated models analysing about 150 indicators





OPRA® Origo Portfolio Risk Allocator

Timeline, 2019 -





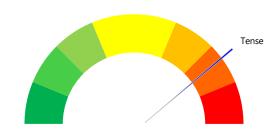
OMRI° Origo Market Risk Indicator

Short-term risk gauge

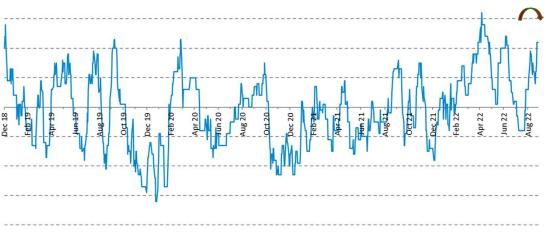
Deterioration across the board to another high point setup for a "darkest before dawn" mini-risk rally.

30 September 2022

Indicator	Sentiment	Last update
X-Asset correlation	High risk	26 Sep 2022
Economic Surprises	Neutral	26 Sep 2022
Financial Conditions	High risk	26 Sep 2022
Global Financial Stress	High risk	23 Sep 2022



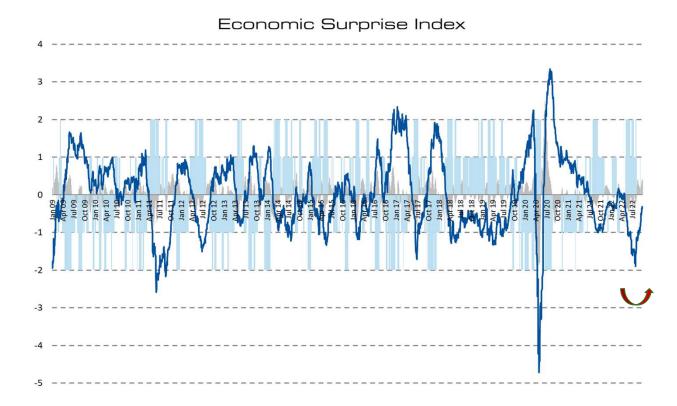
OMRI History





Fundamentals

- Macroeconomic models
- Volatility and risk budgeting
- Market intelligence
- Technicals and trend following



Real economic data showing more strength than economist' forecast.

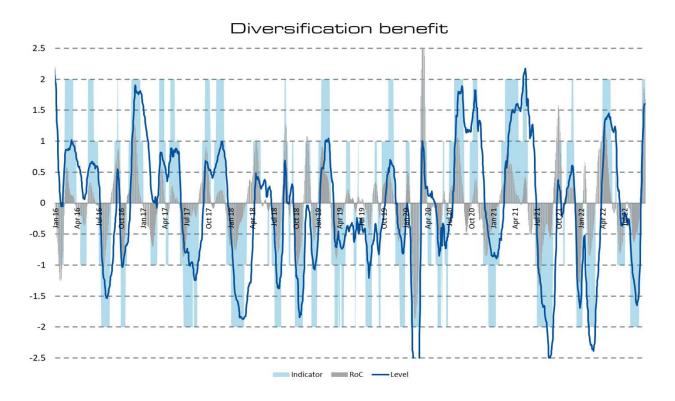
Bond (and delayed stock) summer rally, now a confirmed "bear trap". For now, market dynamic for that "positive" news are bad new, as that will confirm continued centralbank tightening.

The ESI (above centre) is a powerful indicator of coming stress.



Volatility and Risk budgeting

- Macroeconomic models
- Volatility and risk budgeting
- Market intelligence
- Technicals and trend following



No "Markowitz benefits" in a broad based portfolio composition.

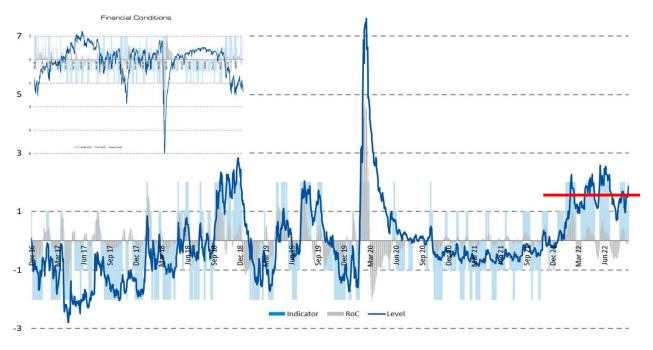
The 60/40 passive fixed combination is based on the assumption of constant negative correlations, despite this being more an exception than a rule over the past 10 years. When the diversification benefit is low, there is not much to be gained from diversifying. Cash and alternatives should then be meaningfully increased.



Market intelligence

- Macroeconomic models
- Volatility and risk budgeting
- Market intelligence
- Technicals and trend following

Global Financial Stress Indicator



Persistently high level of stress since September 2022.

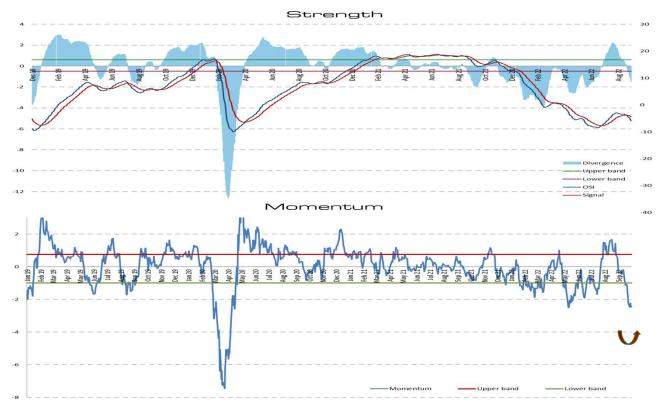
Following summer rally, market stress has again increased and this time spreading globally. Europe remain epicenter of deterioration in financial conditions, followed by China and US.

A measure of global cross market measure of risk, hedging demand(volume, skew) and investor flows in the financial system.



Technicals

- Macroeconomic models
- Volatility and risk budgeting
- Market intelligence
- Technicals and trend following



Short-term, mini-rally after stocks breaking another year-low. Medium-term trend after summer resumed negative bear-trend.

Trend strength in the various market is an expression of the persistence of the currently existing trend.







Macroeconomics

Activity slowdown now accelerating, while CBs remain focused on sticky inflation fighting.
Risk rising for combined CB tightening and USD-effect leading to a over-tightening.
China housing bubble now crack.
Europe recession 2022 now a consensus.



Market Risk and market intelligence

Financial markets adapt to Powell's message for focus to ongoing inflation fighting. Forward rate curve shifting upwards, again.

"Sentiment" is the fastest and now only factor to indicate any short-term relief.



Technicals

Medium-term trend in risk assets resume negative trend.
Short-term technicals keep switching between buy/sell, indicating a trading channel in a bear-market

Monetary tightening to continue.



Volatility and risk budgeting

Portfolio risk high as assets move in synch – and now all are falling.

Continued high level of asset volatility supports our theory for having entered a new regime around Sep 2021.



On the radar

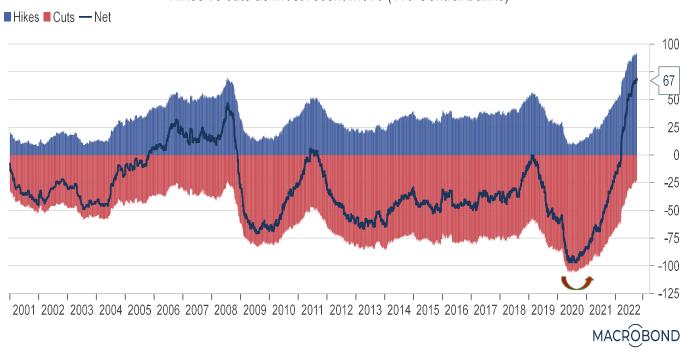
Macro risk - centralbanks

Rising risk over combined CB over-zealousness

A massive tightening cycle is unfolding. Reversing monetary policy since The Great Recession

Central banks tighten monetary policy

Hikes vs cuts as most recent move (115 Central Banks)



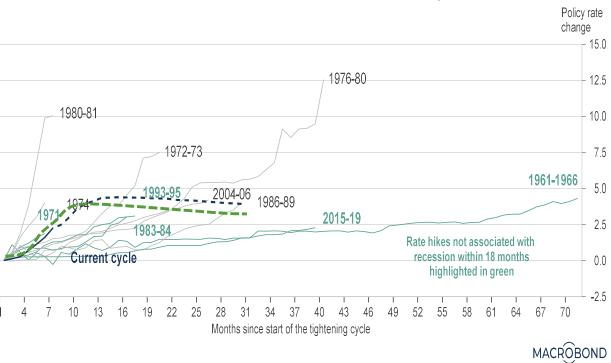
Macro risk — Fed Funds

FF hiking cycles

Rates expectation shifted towards higher for longer, again

Fed funds (tightening cycles)

Dashed line illustrates Fed funds futures for the current cycle



Macro risk activity

US activity decellerating fast

Activity remain quite resilient, but centralbank impact now point to ISM below 40

US economic activity set to slow as central bank tighten MP

Last decision from central banks: Hike (+1), Cut (-1)



Macro risk — activity

US recession – odds now passing 50%

However, US activity has lattitude => Fed tightening will continue

Rising number of inverted yield curves signal recession



- S&P 500 (log scale), lhs - Percent of Yield Curves Inverted, rhs

MACROBOND

Number of US states with increased economic activity Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia coincident index (-6 threshold)

20 -

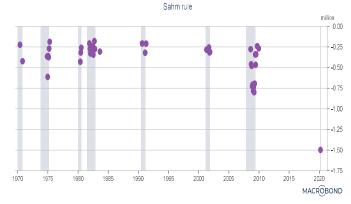
10 -

30 20

1980 1982 1984 1986 1988 1990 1992 1994 1996 1998 2000 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 2018 2020 2022

MACROBOND

Recession indicator - Non-farm payroll declines

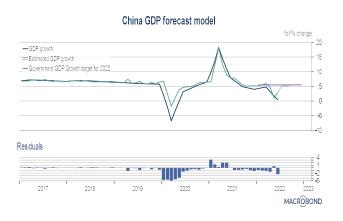


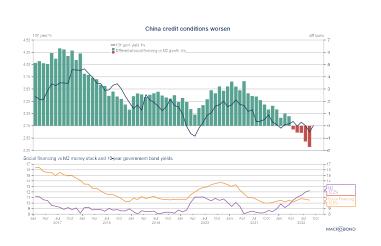


Macro risk -China

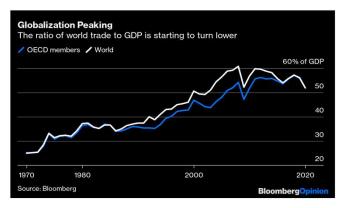
China, Evergrande a prelude for the next global debt crisis?

- Zero-CoVID policy
- Tech crackdown
- Changing demographics
- Real estate deflation
- De-globalisation









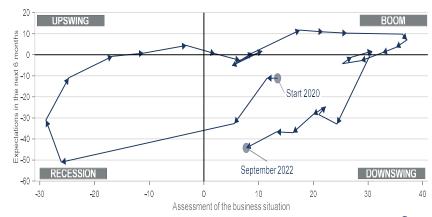


Macro risk -Europe

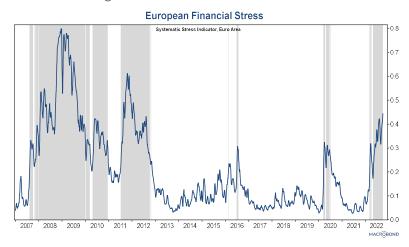
Germany lead Europe into recession. Italy leading into crisis?

Germany: ifo business cycle clock

2020-2022 cycle





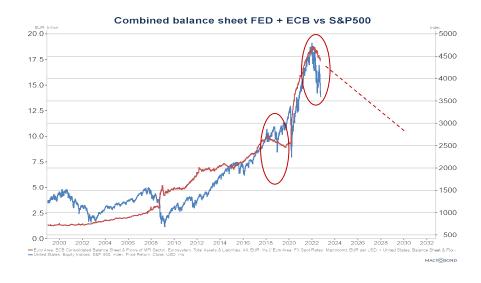




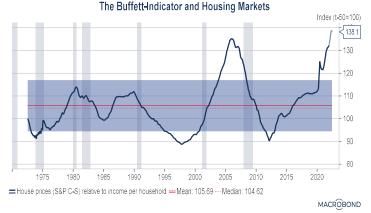
Capital markets

The big asset deflation - on track

Combined rate hikes + QE reduction of 60-100bn/m – excess of 1 tn USD per year – every year, the next 10 years



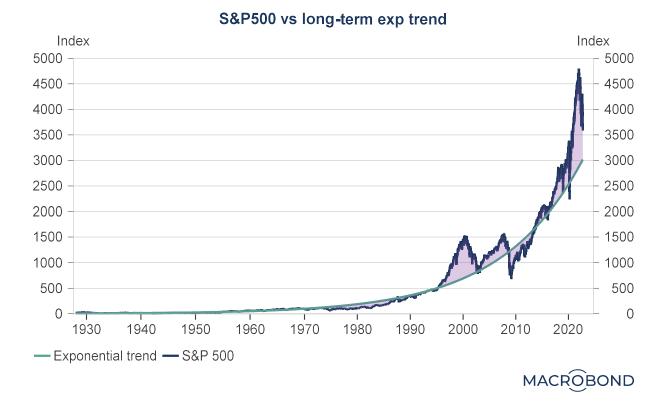
The correlation suggest a high risk of mis-allocation of unproductive capital, such as predominantly RE, high growth/no profit cpy's, crypto ...





Capital markets - stocks

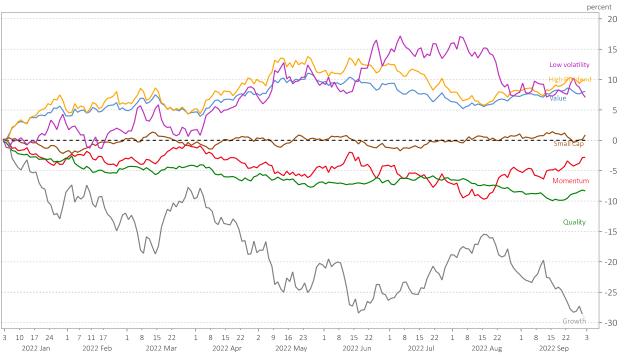
Still above trend



Capital markets - factor styles

Low vol factor outperformance.
Growth factor bottom-fishing dynamics

Factor breakdown



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