

Active Risk Allocation

December 2022



Markets today

- Inflation was just a bad dream
- An economic soft landing is all but sure
- Central banks will "pivot" rates back to zero
- ☐ Stocks will rise to a new all-time high before x-mas
- ☐ Halleluja!



Status

Stock markets and fundamentals diverge

- Inflation may have peaked, but will remain sticky
- Interest rates will not come down
- activity slowdown, labour market resilient
- margin pressure accelerate, as do bankruptcies

Risk overview;
Short-term Positive
Medium-term Neutral

- Stocks underweight (improved)
- Bonds underweight (improved)
 - · Overweight credit
- Alternatives overweight
 - Non-interest rate sensitive, non-directional, uncorrelated assets and strategies
- Macroeconomics
 - Fiscal tightening, Monetary tightening (policy rates & Quantitative (QT)
 - Activity; Europe is in recession. China in dramatic moderation, but no longer zero-Covid). US balancing on recession
 - Global supply disruptions (post-covid imbalance, stimulus, war, trade war)

Indicators

OPRA: Neutral / Stable (risk gauge for balance risk/risk free)

OMRI: Neutral / Improving (model volatility gauge)



Active Risk Allocation

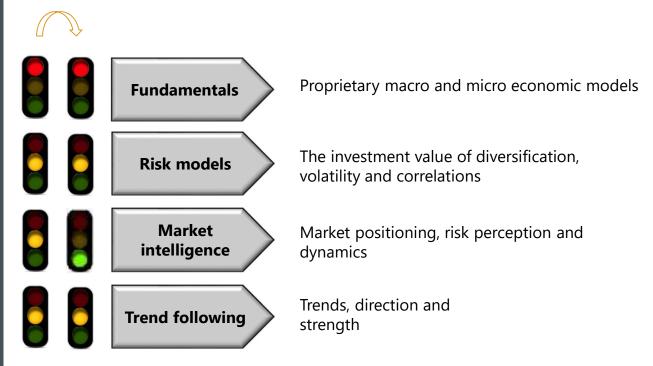
The state of indicators



Investment process

Indicators

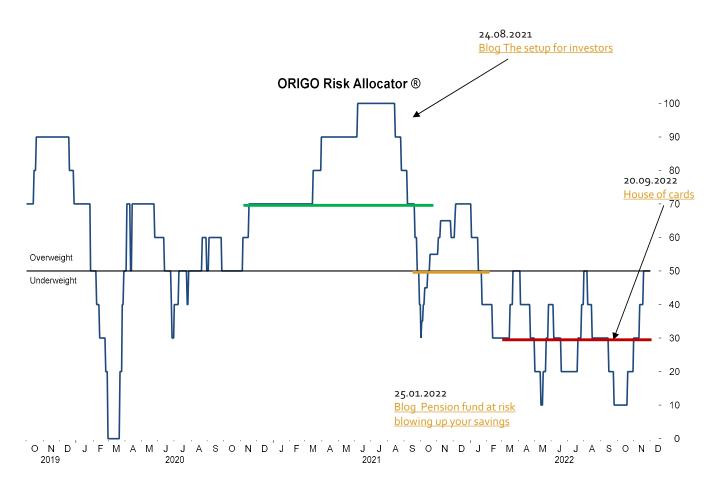
Highly sophisticated models analysing about 150 indicators





OPRA® Origo Portfolio Risk Allocator

Timeline, 2019 -





OMRI° Origo Market Risk Indicator

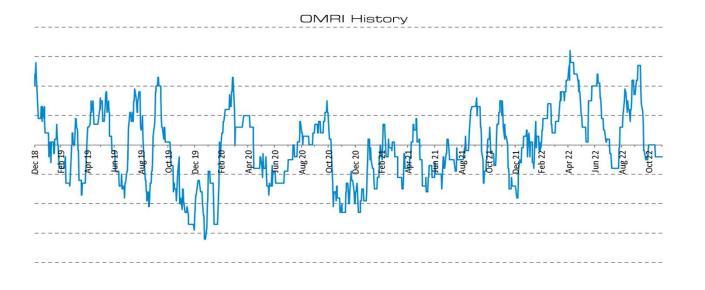
Short-term risk gauge

Improvement in the Market intelligence factors

Geographically, US lead while Europe financial conditions continue to deteriorate

Indicator	Sentiment	Last update
X-Asset correlation	Comfortable	30 Nov 2022
Economic Surprises	Neutral	30 Nov 2022
Financial Conditions	Neutral	01 Dec 2022
Global Financial Stress	Neutral	30 Nov 2022
Gepolitical Risk	Feels good	30 Nov 2022



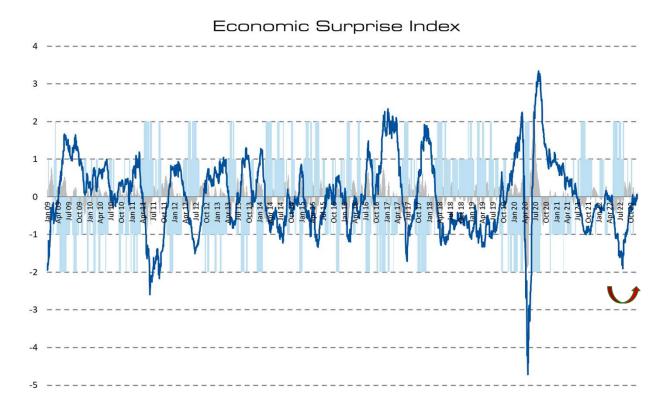


30 November 2022



Fundamentals

- Macroeconomic models
- Volatility and risk budgeting
- Market intelligence
- Technicals and trend following



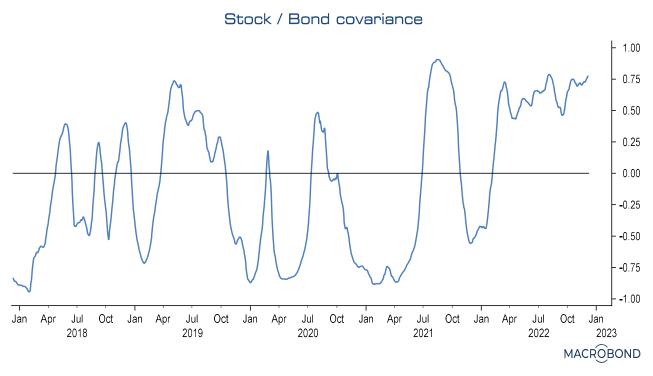
Economic data show greater resilience than economist' forecasted. Yet, for risk-on assets as stocks, "good" news remain bad new.

The ESI (above centre) is a powerful indicator of coming stress.



Volatility and Risk budgeting

- Macroeconomic models
- Volatility and risk budgeting
- Market intelligence
- Technicals and trend following



No "Markowitz benefits" with high correlation.

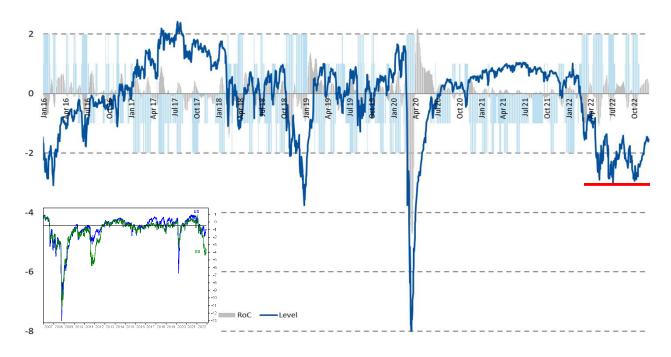
The 60/40 passive fixed combination is based on the assumption of constant negative correlations, despite this being more an exception than a rule over the past 10 years. When the diversification benefit is low, there is not much to be gained from diversifying. Cash and alternatives should then be meaningfully increased.



Market intelligence

- Macroeconomic models
- Volatility and risk budgeting
- Market intelligence
- Technicals and trend following

Financial Conditions



Risk aversion has eased, but level indicate tightened credit conditions since turn of year 2022.

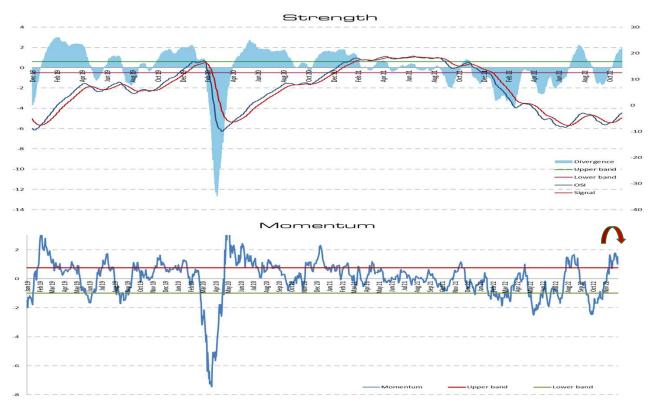
Europe remain the epicenter of deterioration in financial conditions.

A measure of global cross-market measure of risk, credit conditions, hedging demand(volume, skew) and investor flows in the financial system.



Technicals

- Macroeconomic models
- Volatility and risk budgeting
- Market intelligence
- Technicals and trend following



Short-term, top in risk channel, vulnerable to any deterioration in market sentiment.

Medium-term trend remain negative.

Trend strength in the various market is an expression of the persistence of the currently existing trend.







Macroeconomics

tightening to continue.

CBs will slow but remain focused on inflation fighting.
US to continue rate hikes and QT.
China housing bubble deflate and growth flatline.
Europe recession 2022 now a consensus, yet monetary



Market Risk and market intelligence

Particularly US credit conditions have improved.

Risk now high of Powell to again adjust market expectations towards rates higher for longer.



Technicals

Medium-term trend in all interest rate sensitive assets remain negative reflecting ongoing repricing.

Short-term technicals keep switching between buy/sell, indicating a trading channel in a bear-market



Volatility and risk budgeting

Portfolio risk remain high as assets move in synch.

Continued high level of asset volatility supports our theory for having entered a new regime around Sep 2021.



On the radar





Inflation – a peak is forming, finally

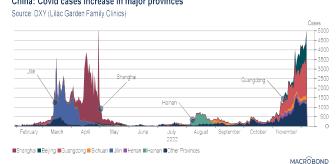
- Headline inflation to drop from 10 to 5-6% mathematically given since energy has come down
- Non-consensus risk if inflation sticks around 4 %

Centralbanks – no "pivot"

- Monetary tightening to continue
- CBs are probably now around balanced, not restrictive

China – the next "grand opening"

 Swapping Zero-CoVid for Millions-of-dead policy, is an economic positive but an insufficient boost facing drag from real estate debt bubble, low productivity, low profitability China: Covid cases increase in major provinces and secular demografic decline Source: DXY (Lilac Garden Family Clinics)



Macro risk -US

US recession risk rising Labour market still strong

US activity has lattitude => Fed tightening will continue

US economic activity set to slow as central bank tighten MP

Last decision from central banks: Hike (+1), Cut (-1)



1984 1986 1988 1990 1992 1994 1996 1998 2000 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 2018 2020 2022

Index

8000 -4000 -2000 -

Rising number of inverted yield curves signal recession



— S&P 500 (log scale), lhs —Percent of Yield Curves Inverted, rhs

MACROBOND

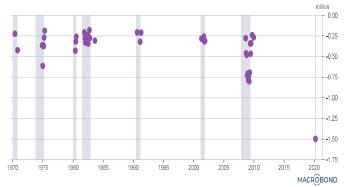
Number of US states with increased economic activity

Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia coincident index (-6 threshold)



Recession indicator - Non-farm payroll declines

Sahm rule

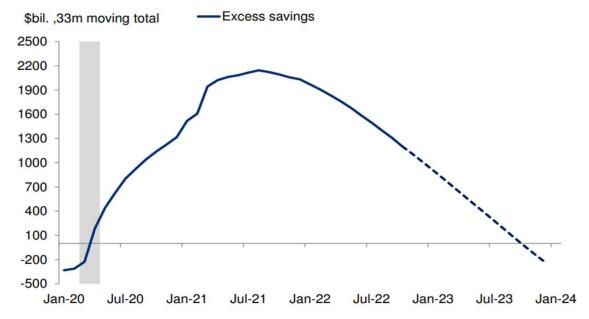


Macro risk -US

Household savings

Running out, simultaneously with maximum effect of monetary tightening

Figure 1: Excess savings still elevated but will be depleted by Q3 2023



Source : BEA & Deutsche Bank



Stock vs Bonds

Simplistic indicator suggest economic growth moderation – not a recession "risk-off" scenario, yet



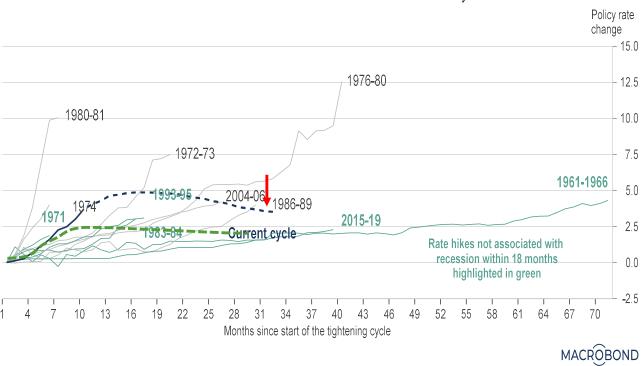
Macro risk — Fed Funds

FF hiking cycles

Forward rate expectations shift downwards 24m after Mar22 rate hike start

Fed funds (tightening cycles)

Dashed line illustrates Fed funds futures for the current cycle

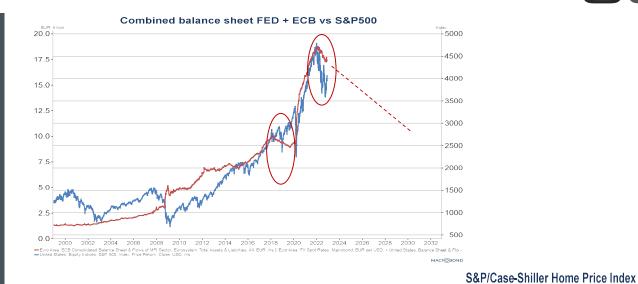




Capital markets

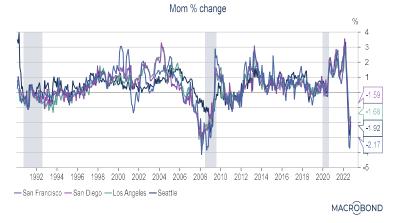
Quantitative Tightening - on track

Combined rate hikes + QE reduction of 60-100bn/m – excess of 1 tn USD per year – every year, the next 10 years



Correlation suggest a high risk of capital mis-allocation;

- high growth/no profit cpy's
- crypto's, meme stocks
- ... and real estate



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